

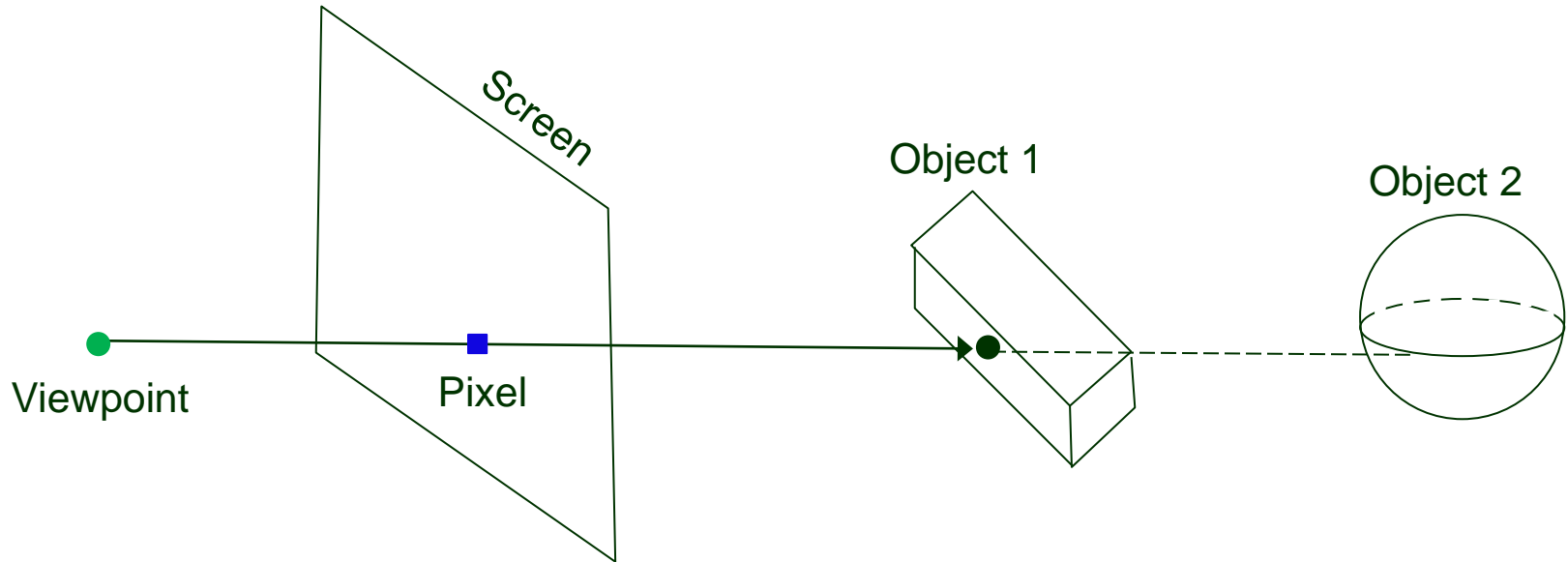
Discrepancy Computation

Outline:

I. Half-plane discrepancy

II. Extrema of discrepancy and computation

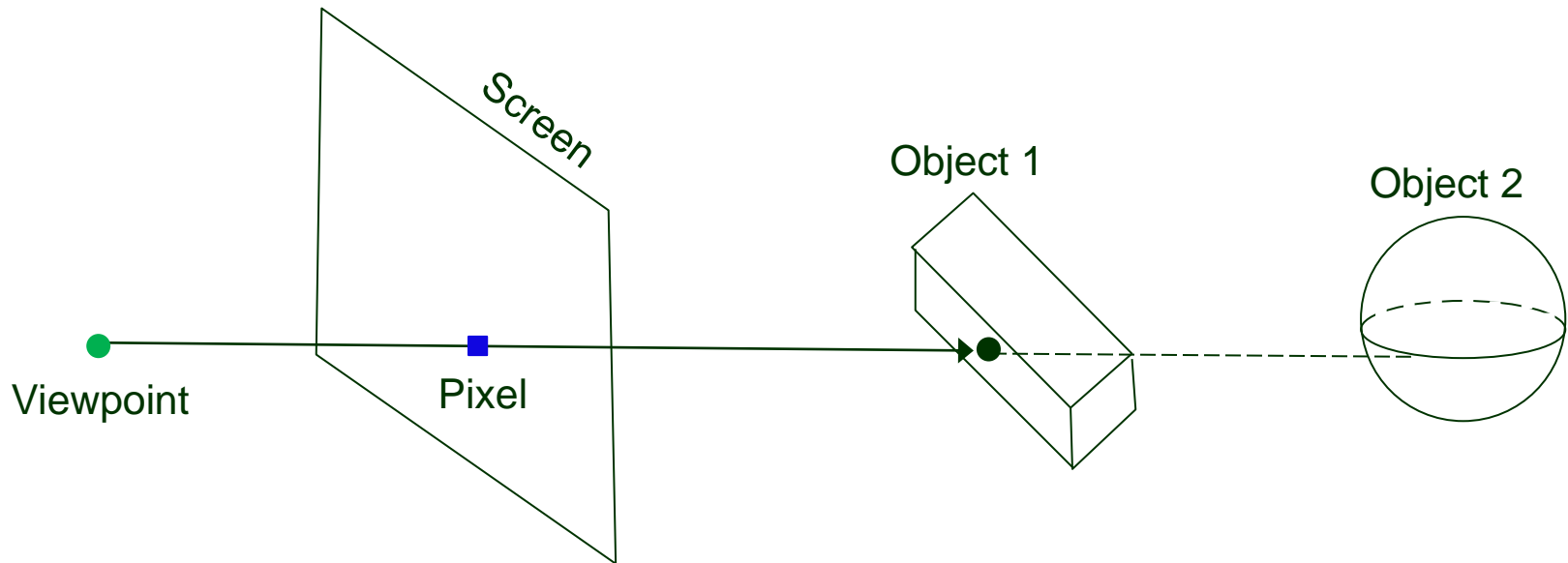
Rendering



Rendering

Determine

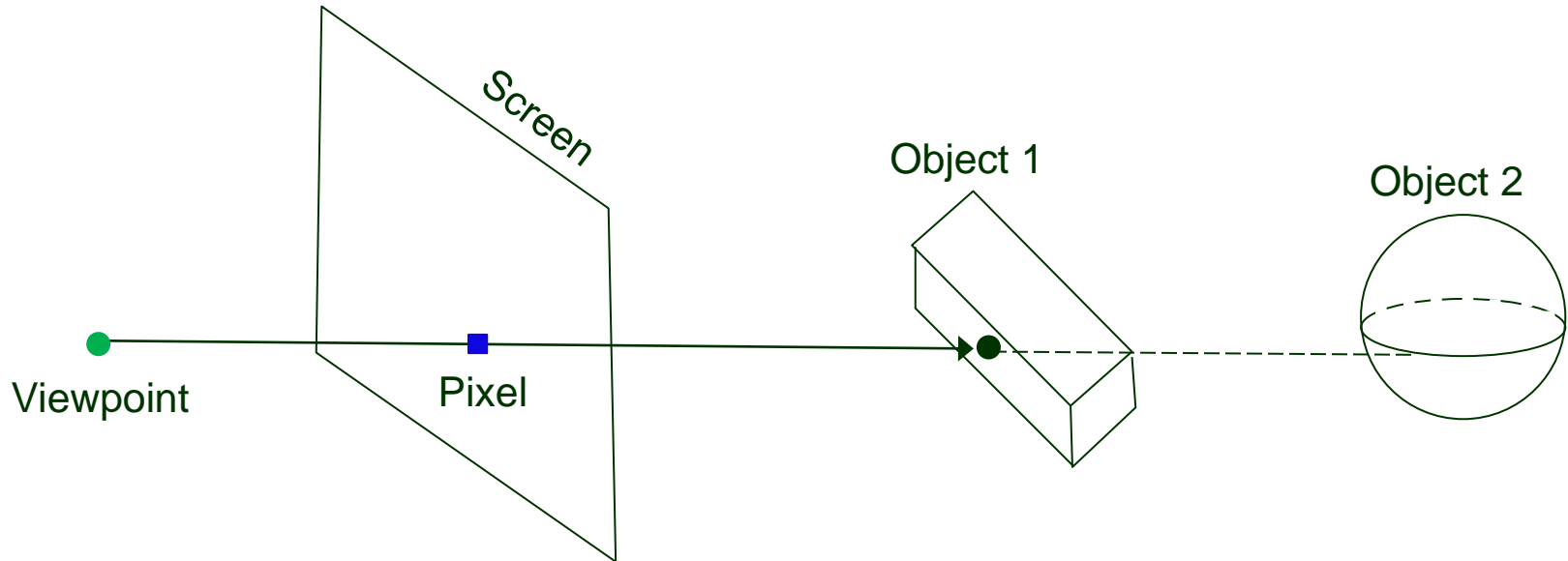
- ◆ for every pixel on the screen which object is visible



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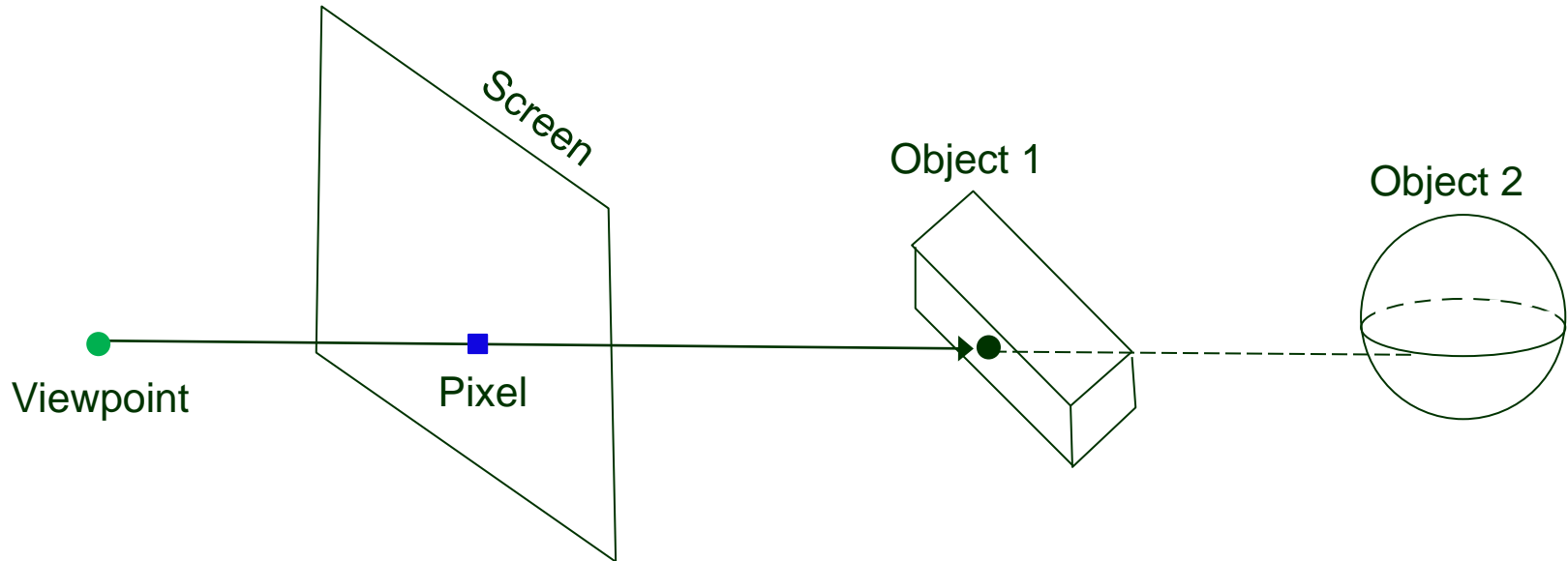
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- ◆ at that pixel the *intensity of light* emitted by the object in the direction of the viewpoint



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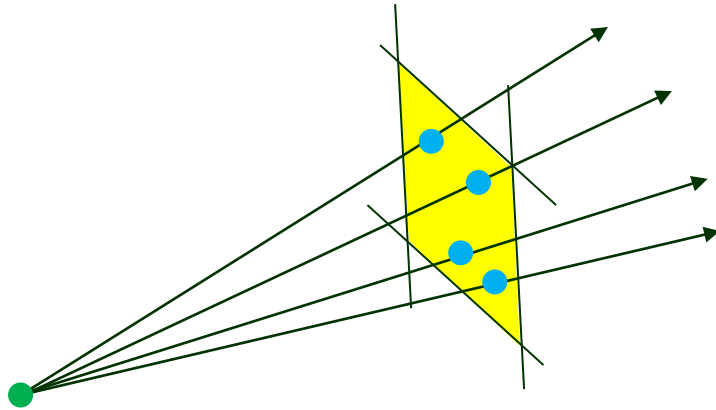
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Ray tracing: Shoot a ray through each pixel. First object hit is visible.

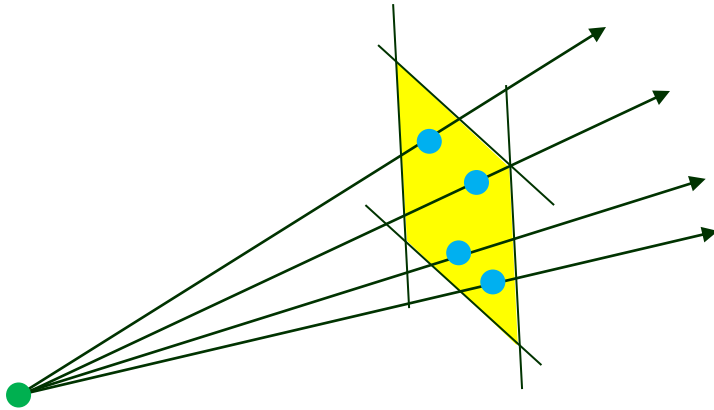
How to Determine Light Intensity?

Shoot multiple rays per pixel.



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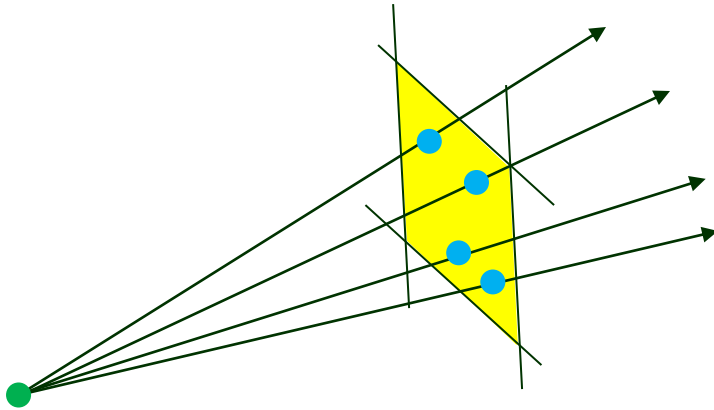
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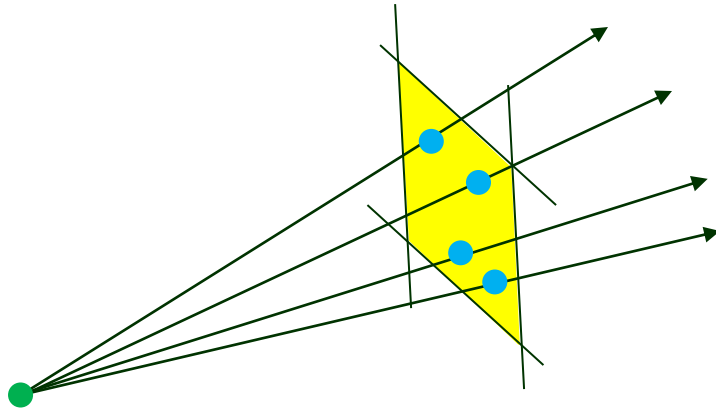


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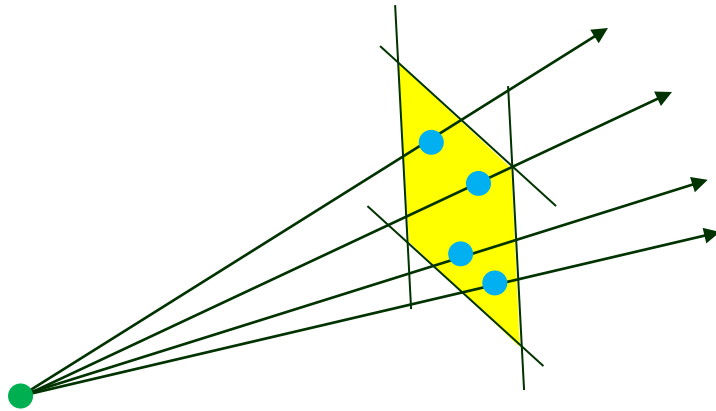
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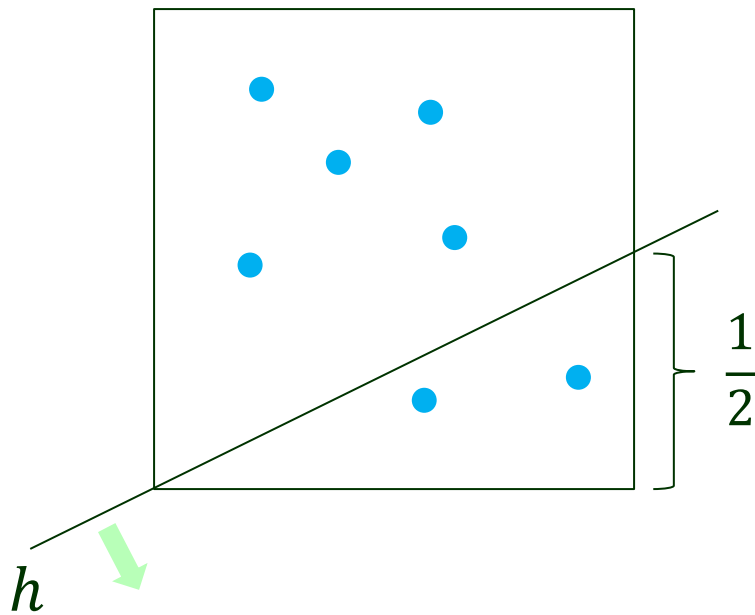
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Discrepancy of the sample set:

| % of hits on an object – % of visible pixel area for it |

Discrepancy Measures

Unit square $U: [0, 1] \times [0, 1]$

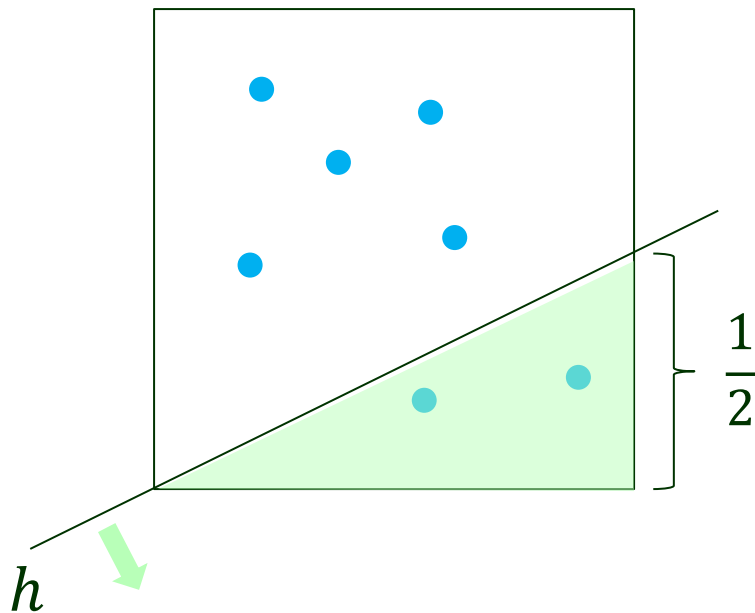


S : n sample points in U

h : half-plane

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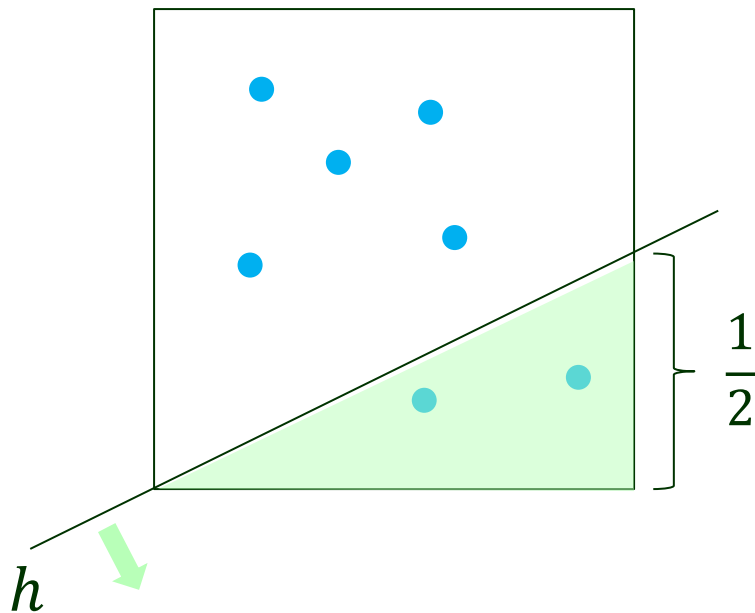
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Continuous measure of h :

$$\mu(h) = \text{area of } h \cap U$$

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$$\mu(h) = \frac{1}{4}$$

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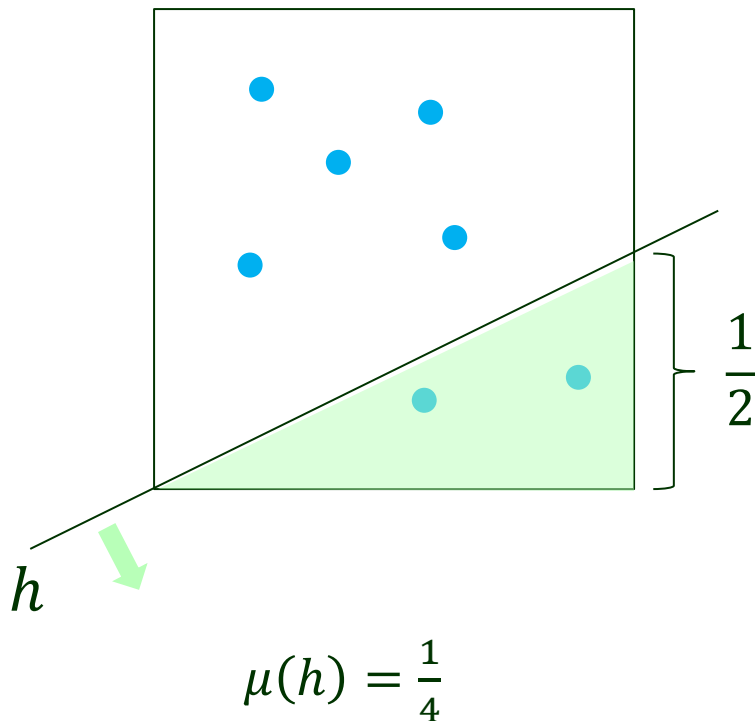
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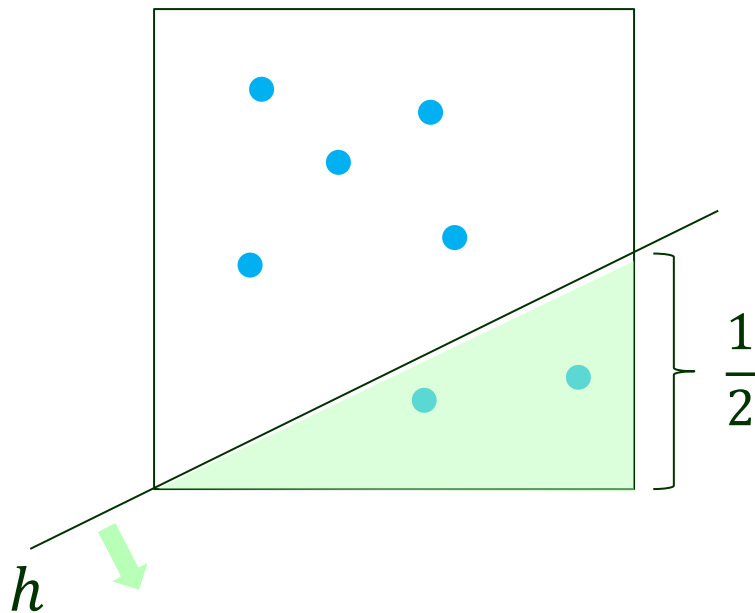
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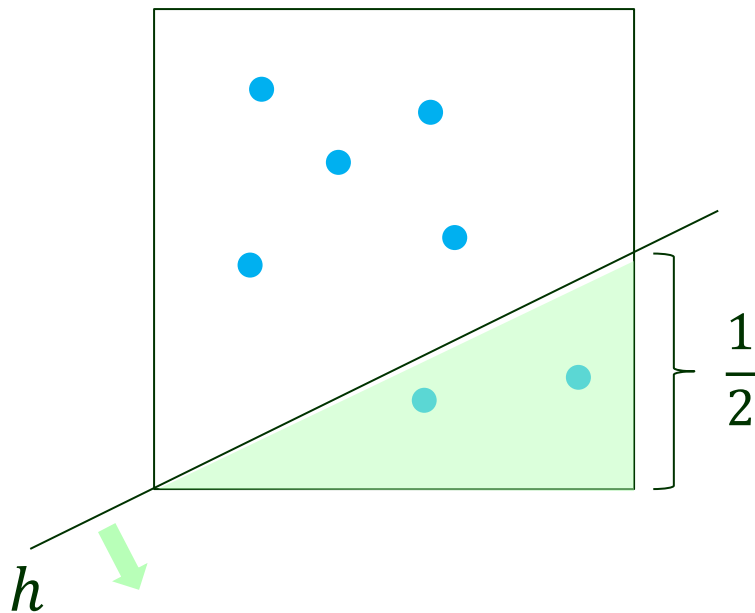
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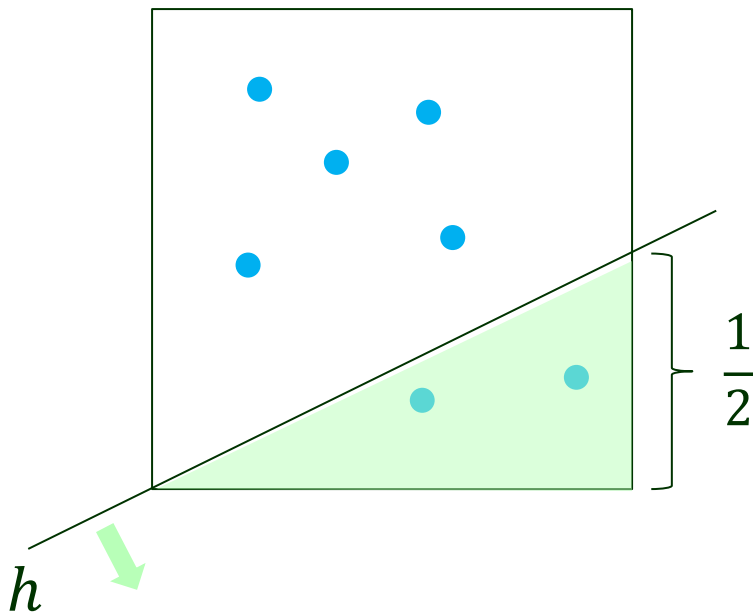
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$$\Delta_S(h) = |\mu(h) - \mu_S(h)|$$

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$$\Delta_S(h) = \left| \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{7} \right| = \frac{1}{28}$$

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Half-Plane Discrepancy

The *maximum* discrepancy of any closed half-plane.

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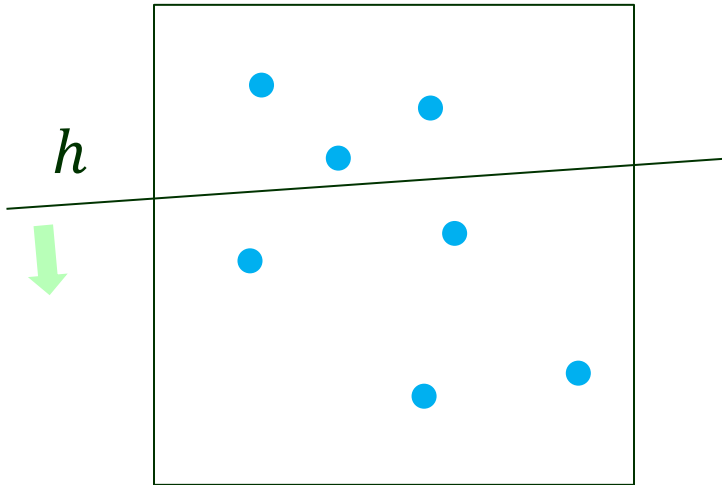


Slight rotation or translation of the half-plane will decrease the discrepancy.

- Pick one of them that has the largest value of these local maxima.

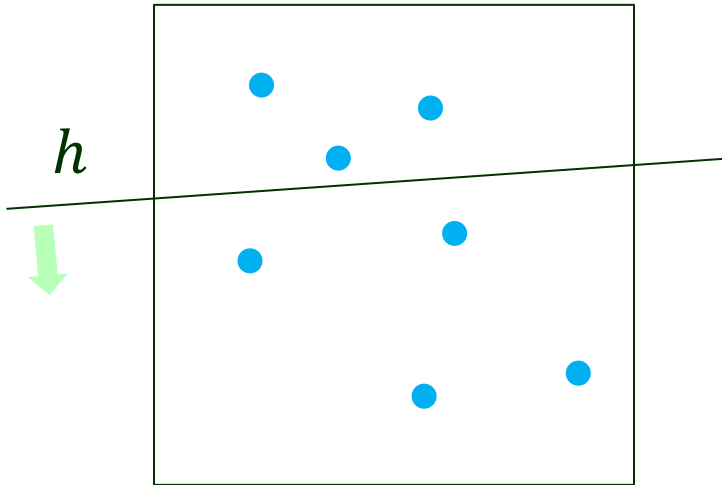
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Suppose h does not contain a point on its boundary.



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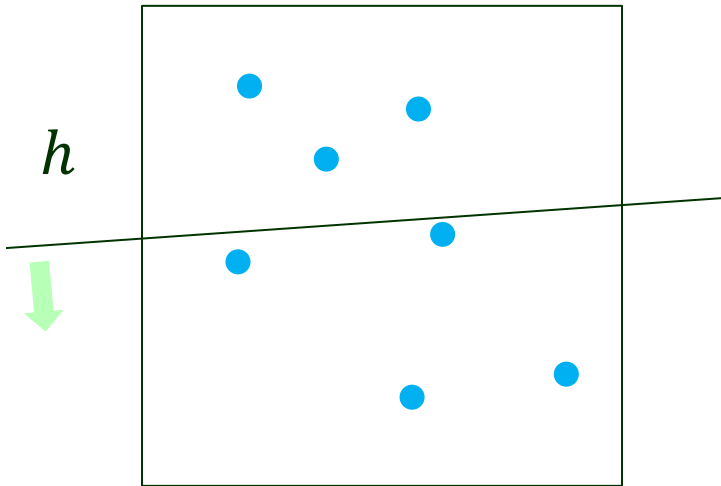
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Translate h downward
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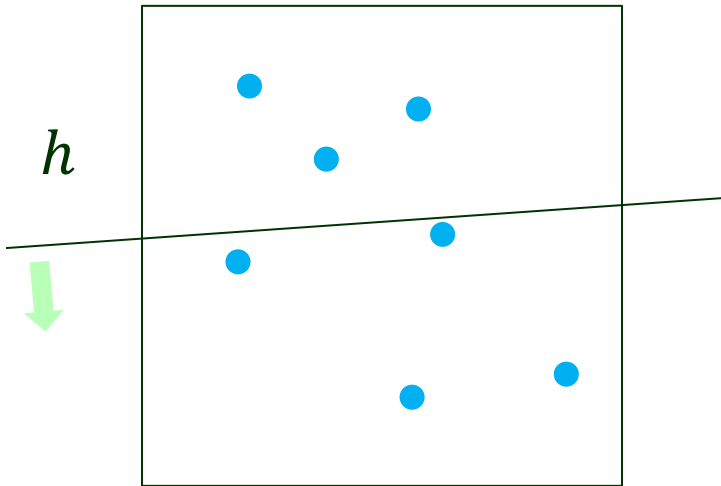
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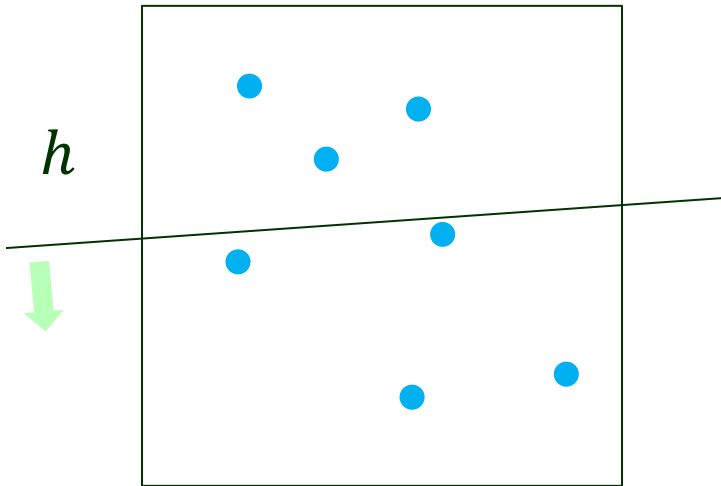
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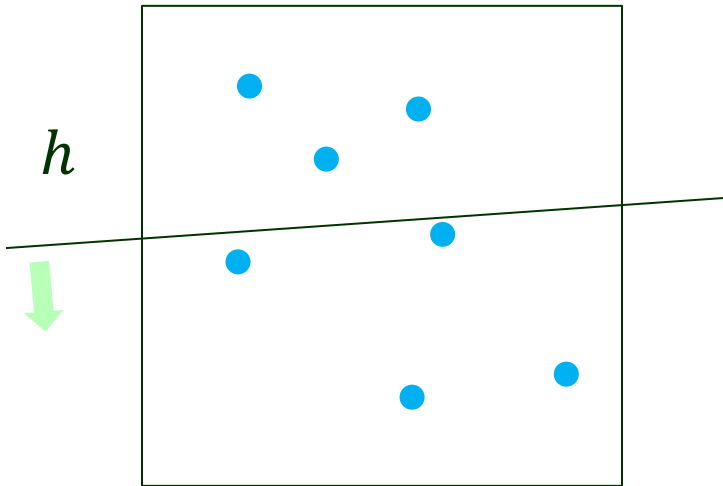
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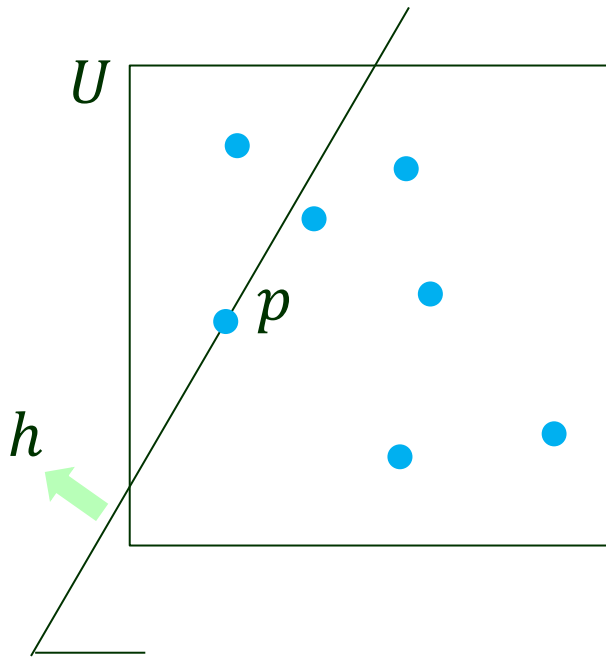


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Claim A half-plane of local maximum must have a point on its boundary.

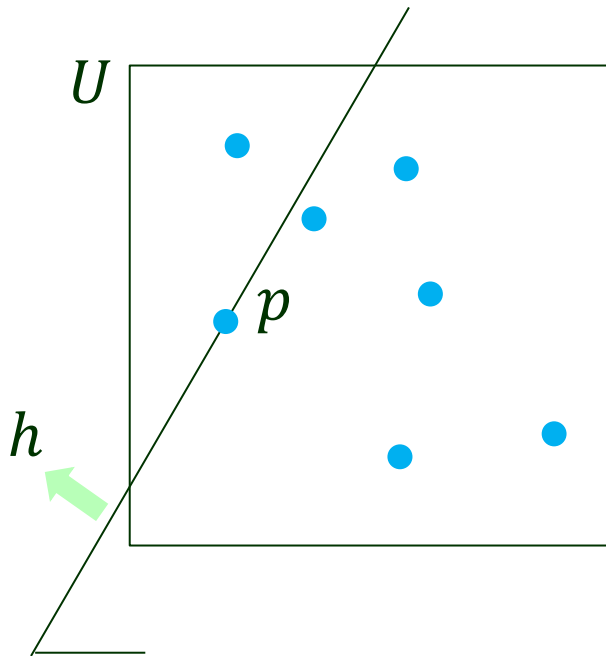
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Consider a maximizing half-plane h with exactly one point p from S on its boundary line.



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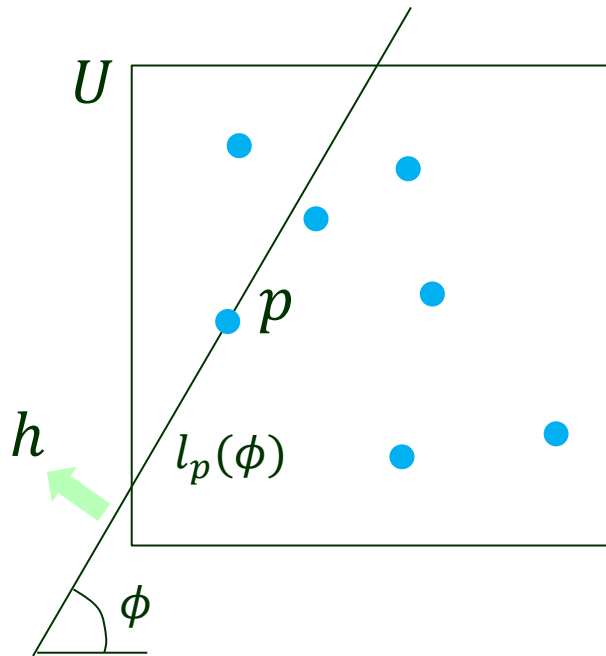
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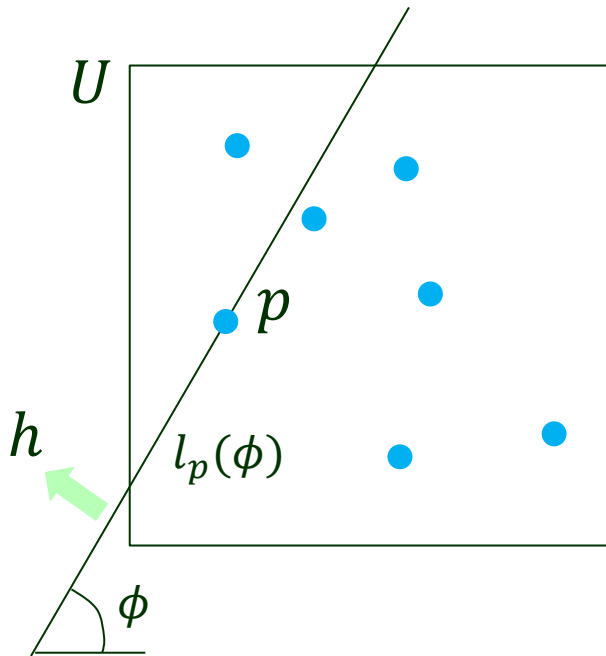


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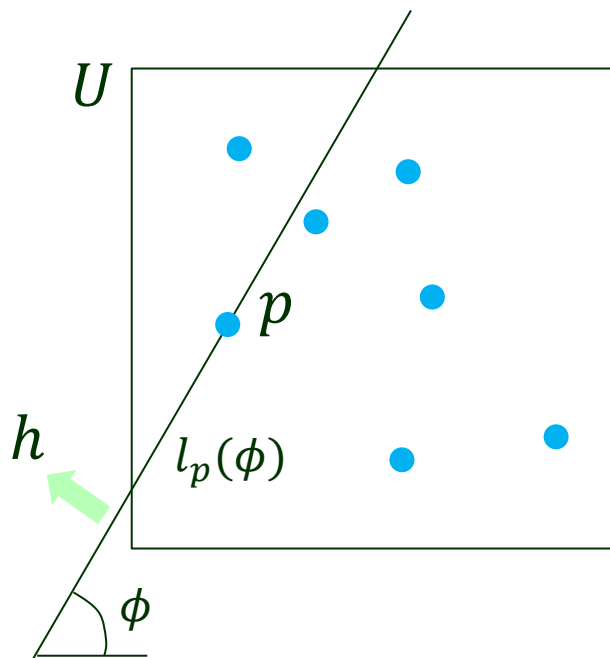


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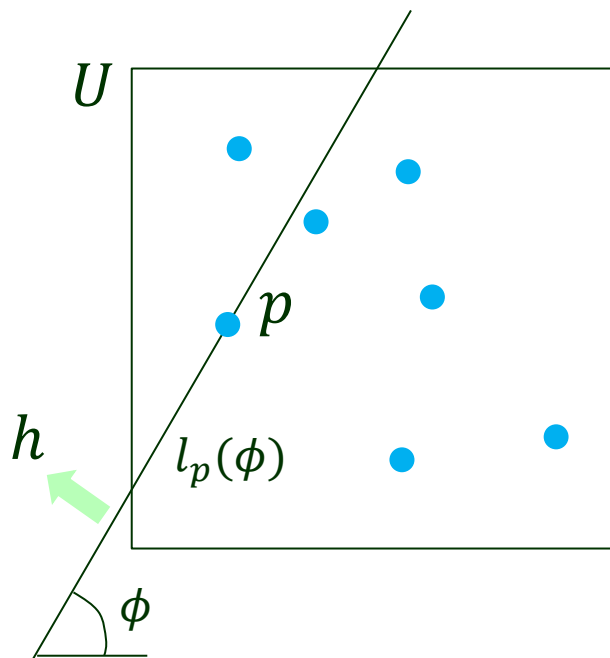
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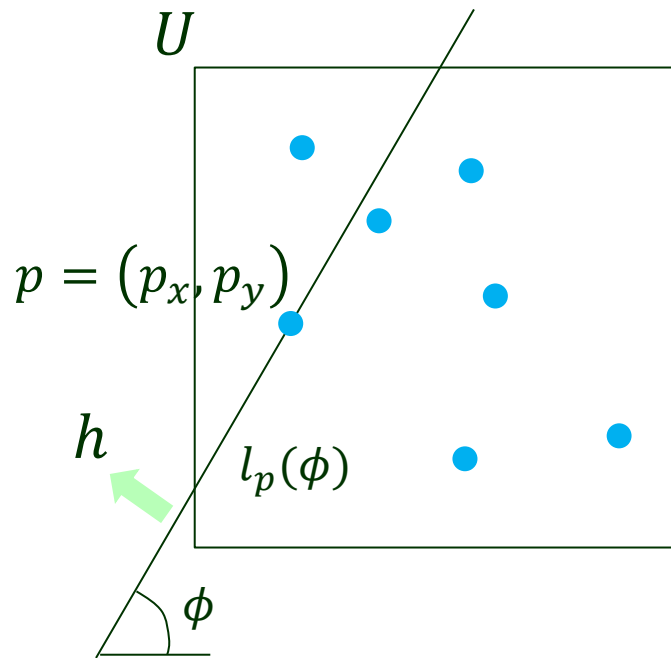
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Extrema of this kind are checked in $O(1)$ time.

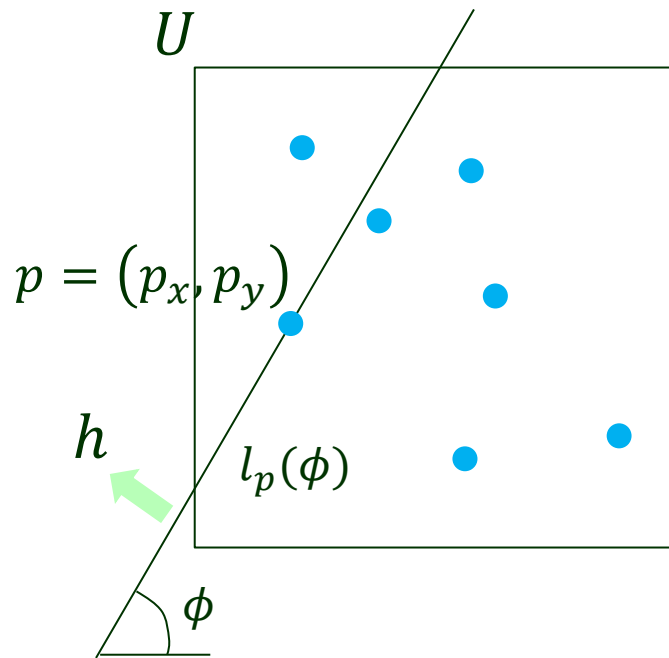
Half-Plane Rotation (cont'd)

- ◆ In between, it intersects the same two edges of U , resulting in a *continuous* measure function $\mu(h_p(\phi))$.



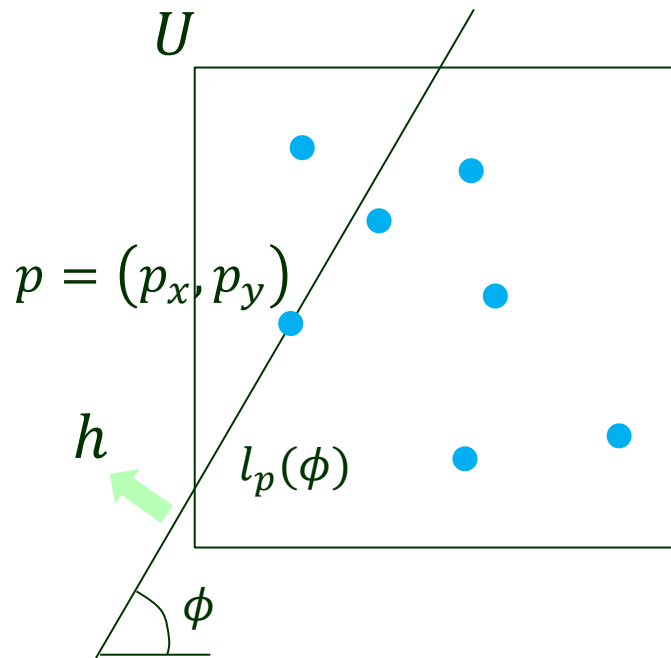
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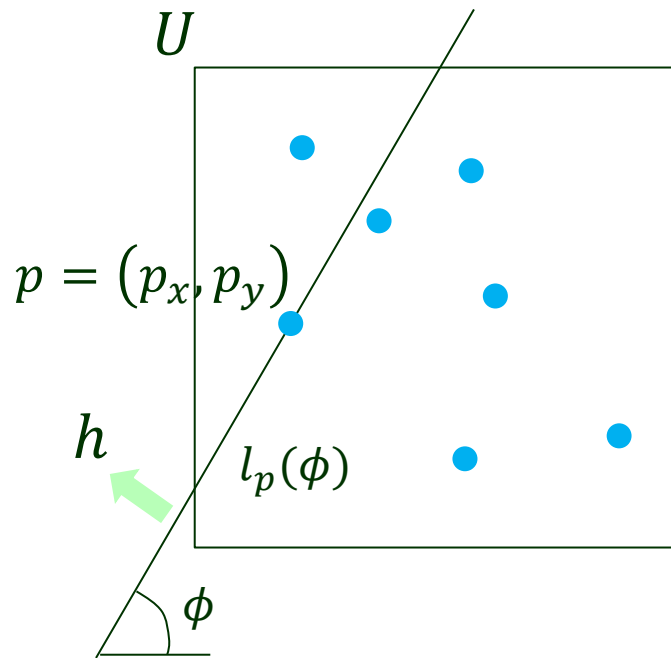


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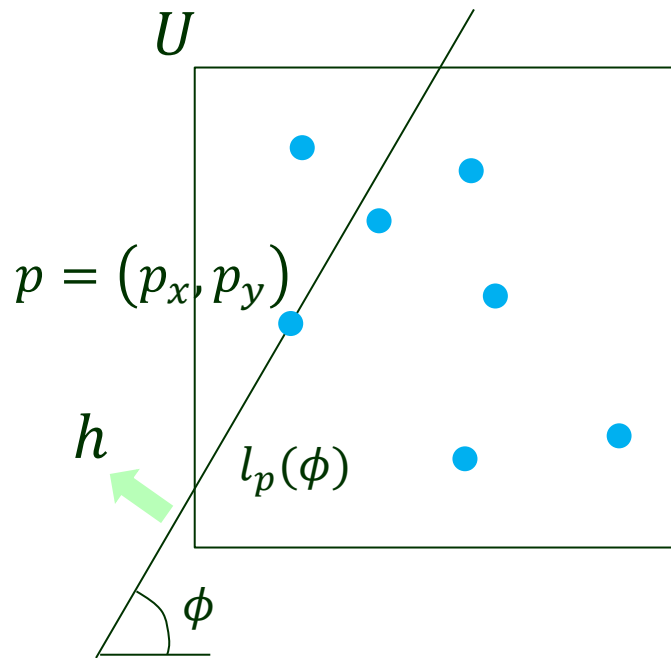
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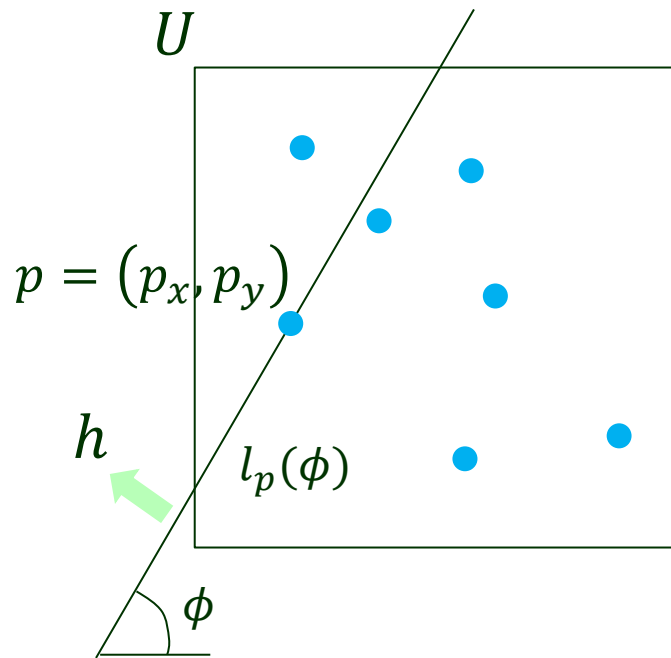


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This estimate is conservative since the line will hit another point before it completes a rotation of 2π .

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Theorem The half-plane discrepancy of a set S of n points in the unit square can be computed in $O(n^2)$ time.